CP from the egg period in September

Original Origami Student Takayama **CP Origami Opening Number** 2018-09-02

In this issue:

Spiders are the most abundant predatory natural enemies in terrestrial ecosystems, and their role in maintaining the stability of agricultural and forest ecosystems cannot be ignored.The body length is 1-90 mm. The body is divided into two parts: the head and chest (front body) and the abdomen (back body). The head and chest are covered with carapace and chest plate. There are two pairs of appendages on the head and thorax. The first pair is chelated limbs with chewed teeth and venomous gland openings at the tips of chewed teeth. Hold food and make sense organs; but in the male adult spider whisker end swelling, it becomes a sperm transferer.

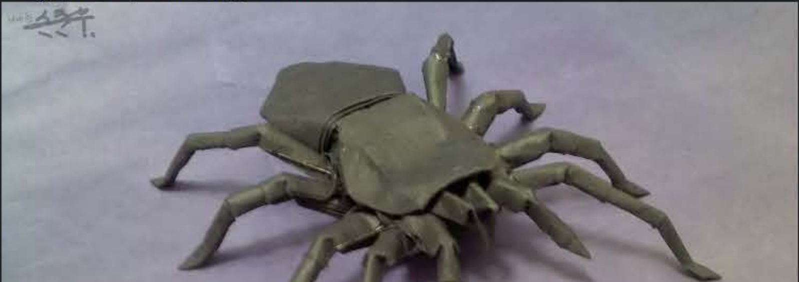
Most spiders feed on insects, other spiders, and polypods, and some spiders also feed on small animals. Jumping spiders have good vision and can capture prey within 30 cm.

It is widely believed spider is an insect, but they and scorpions , centipedes , like, does not belong to insects. Because the basic characteristics of insects are three sections of head, chest and abdomen, two pairs of wings and six feet.

This work is not sure if it was created based on the bird spider, but we might as well introduce the bird spider.

Tarantulas earliestA German naturalist female scholar Maria Sibila Merian discovered and named the bird spider in Suriname, South America (at the time of discovery, she was hunting a small bird, hence the name bird spider . The bird's venom It has the effect of treating diseases such as Alzheimer's disease and epilepsy. Therefore, there is a great demand. In recent years, people have started artificially breeding bird traps.

Let 's get to know the spider this time. Its special feature is that it uses a dead-end design, that is, a full-wrapped work.



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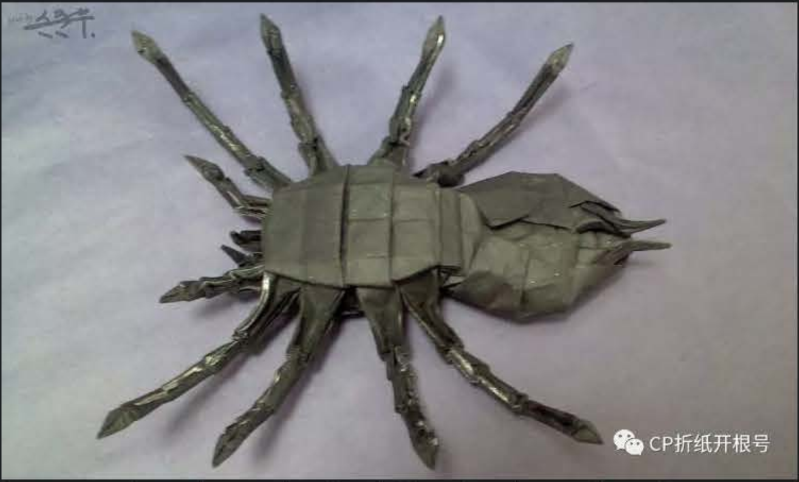

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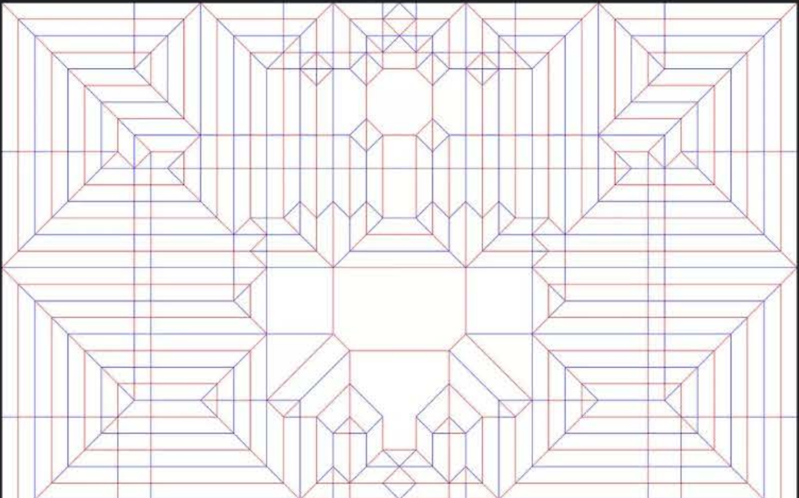
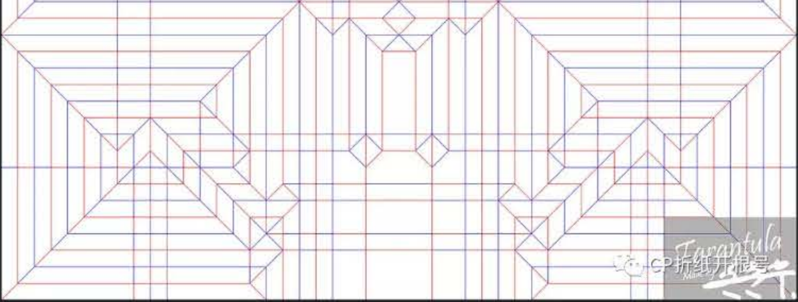
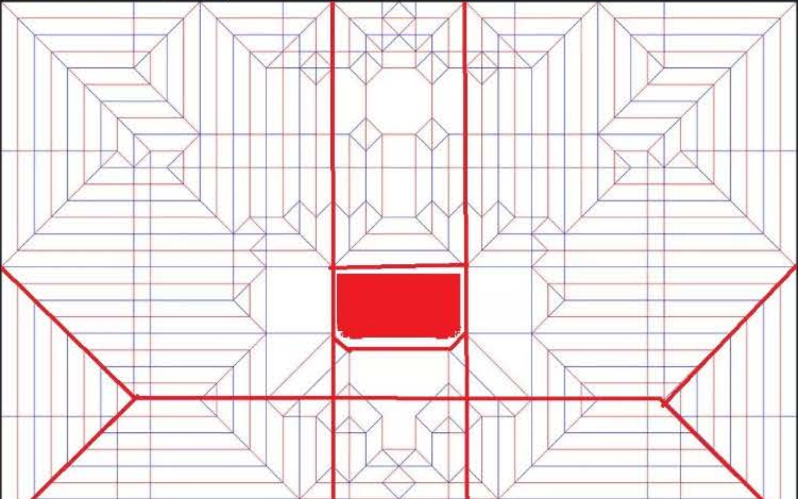


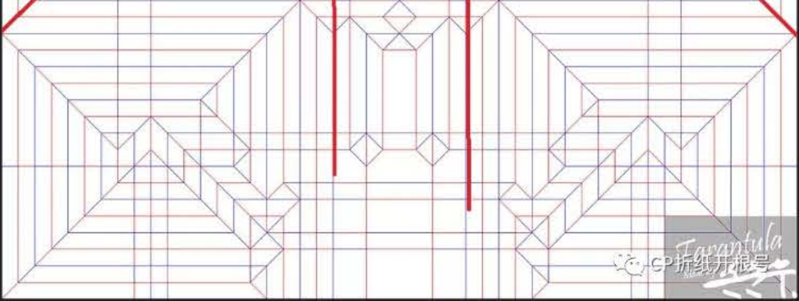


After reading Cp, please find paper to fold with me! (48 equal divisions in this issue)

First we pay tribute to the original author of this work!

For this CP and the finished product picture, we can make the simplest analysis, that is, make the red color block in the following figure prominent, and then put the parts around it in order, then you are successful Half off.





Tarantula
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First we find paper, check the grid, draw the line, unfold it, and press gently.

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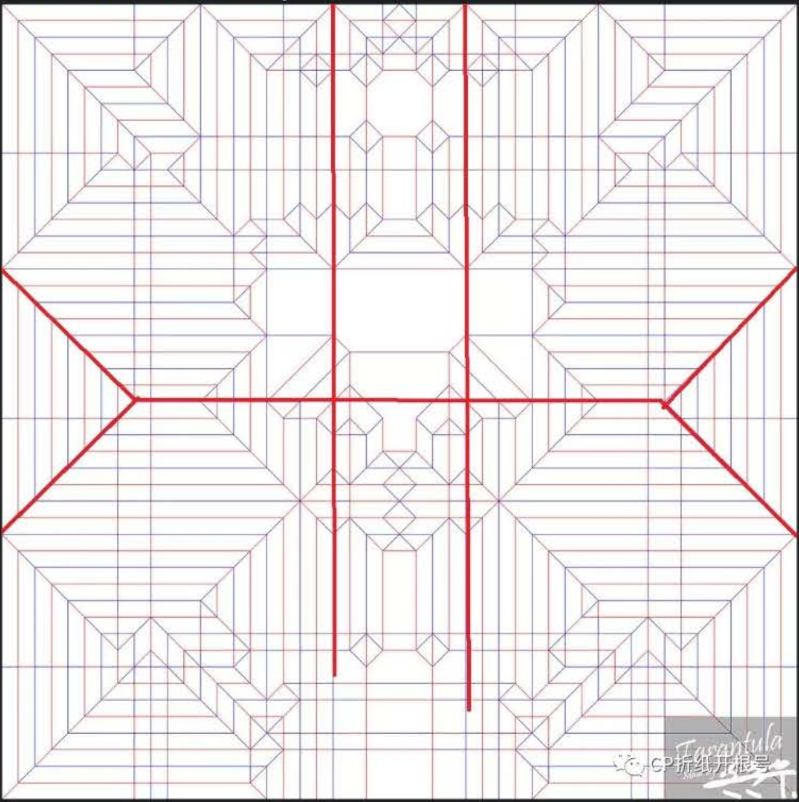
As shown in the figure below, we must first fold along the red line from the longitudinal direction, then fold horizontally and make creases on both sides.



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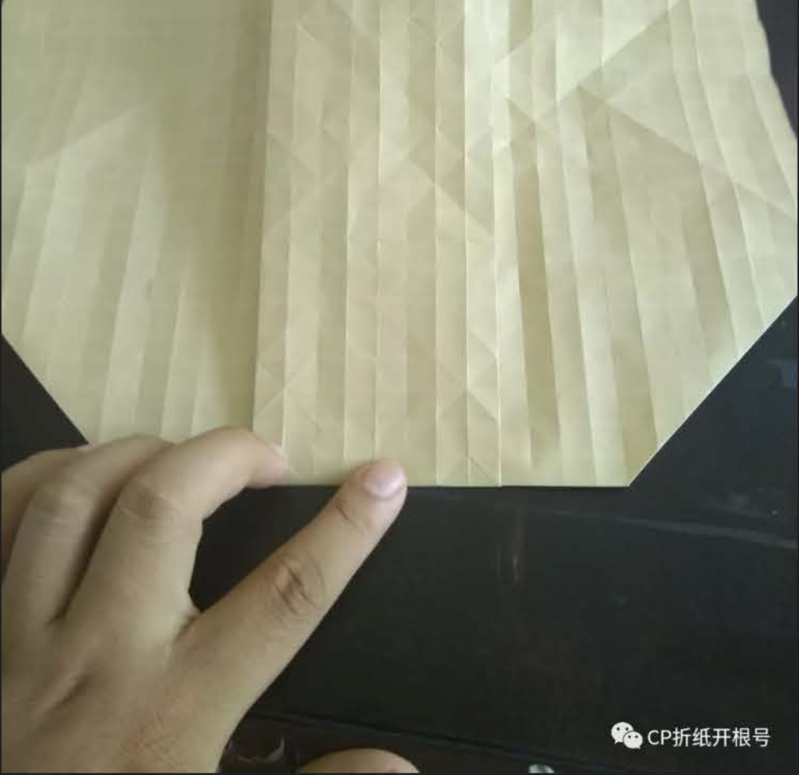
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Turn around

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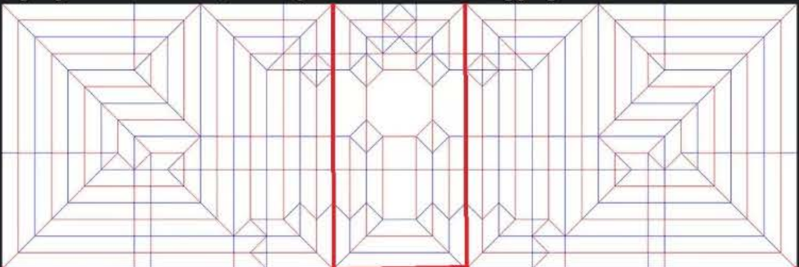
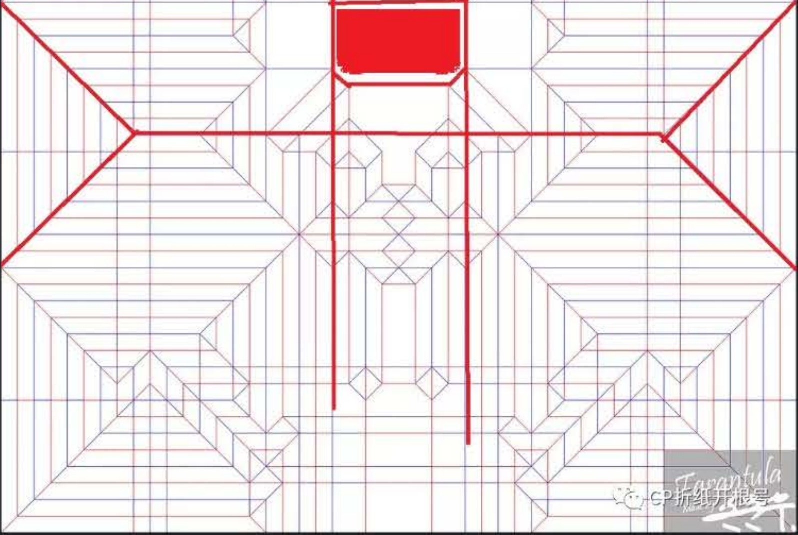
Next we are as follows, the main purpose is to aggregate the red color blocks, and highlight the red blocks, so everyone can see how to aggregate





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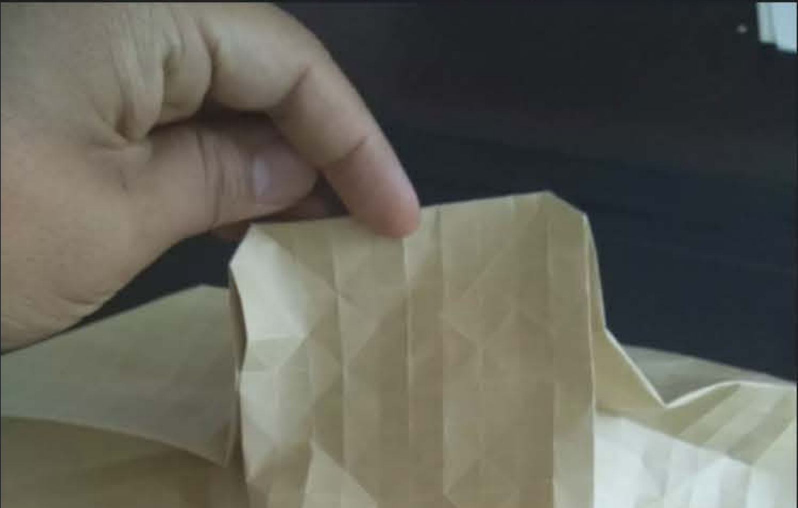

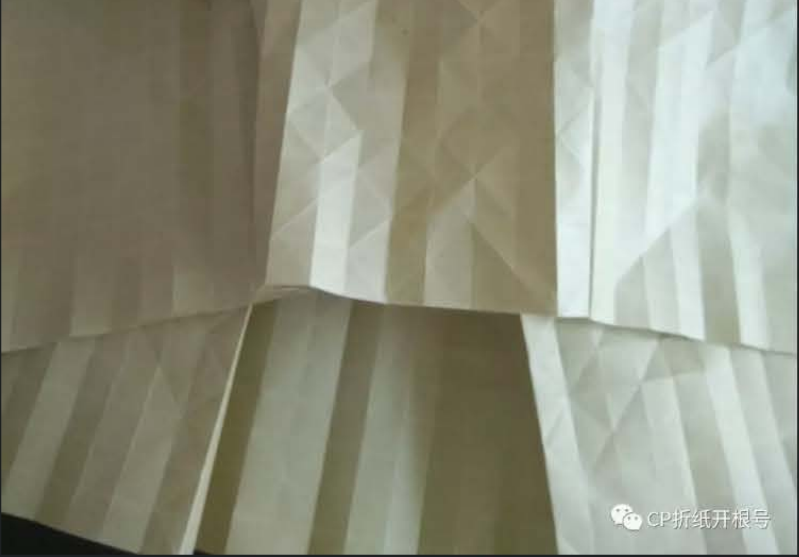

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First use the two diamond structures above to close the vertical peaks and valleys.

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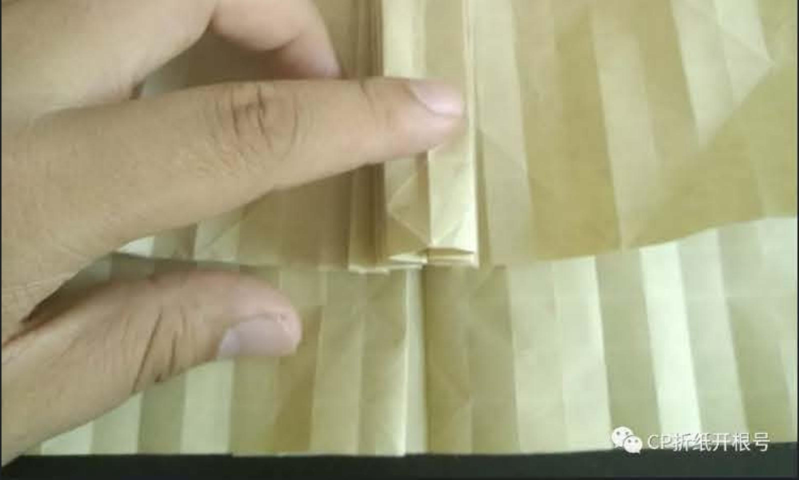
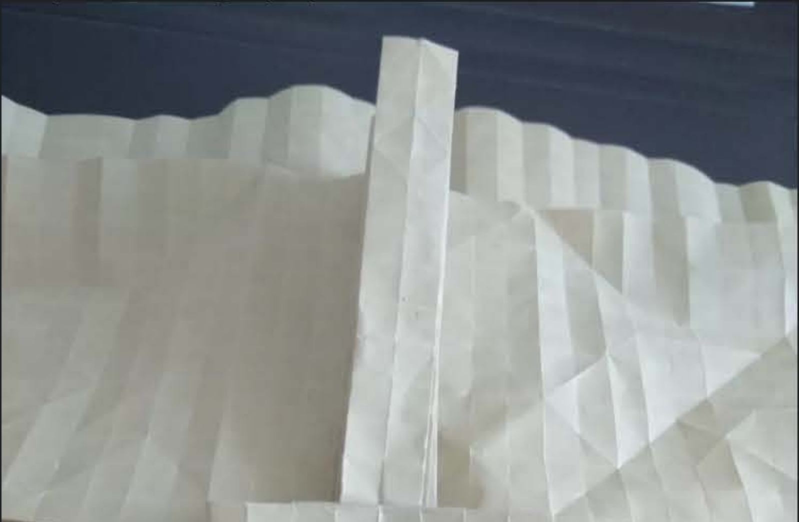
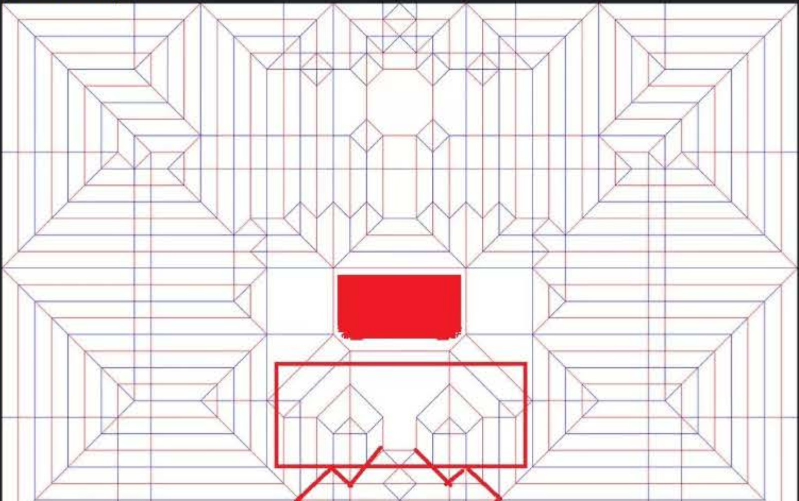
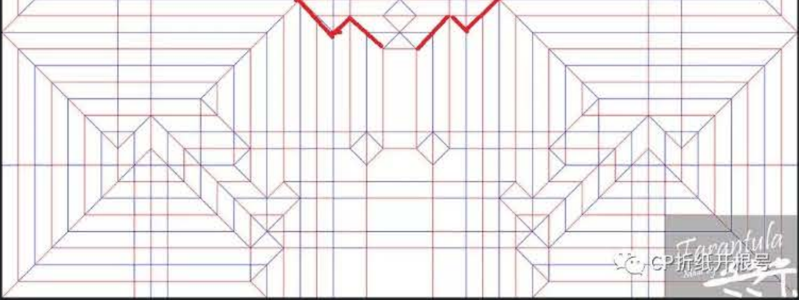


Then go back to the original perspective



Below we want to aggregate several large blocks below the red color block. It is important to note that there are many peak and valley lines in the figure in the red box below, and there are many unnatural connections, so everyone should pay attention to the following. Yo





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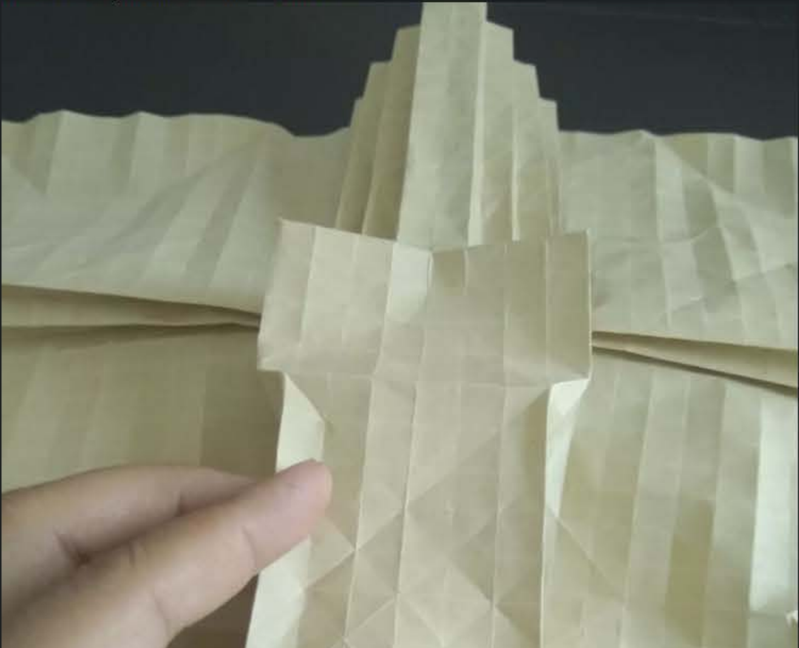
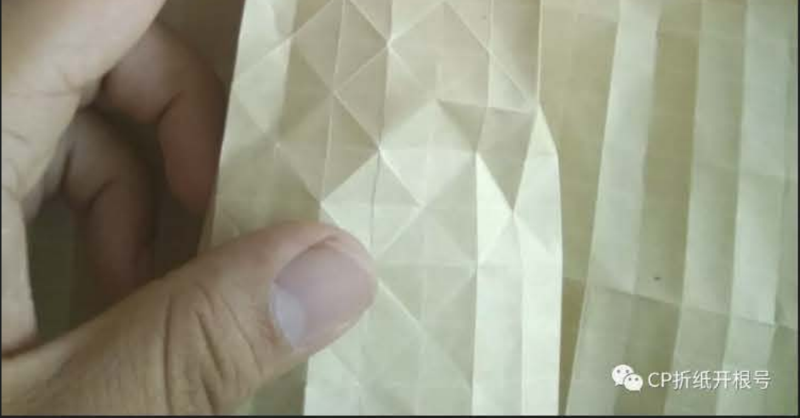
Process the part inside the box first

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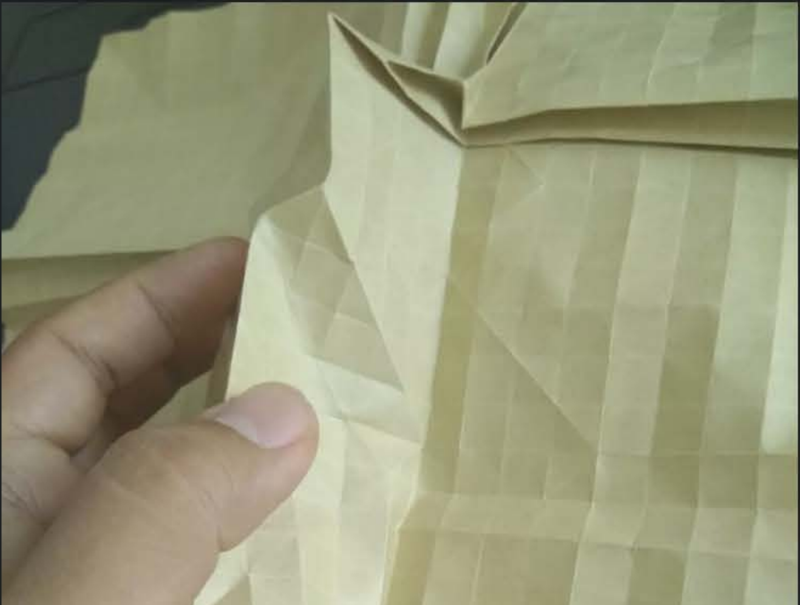
Pinch



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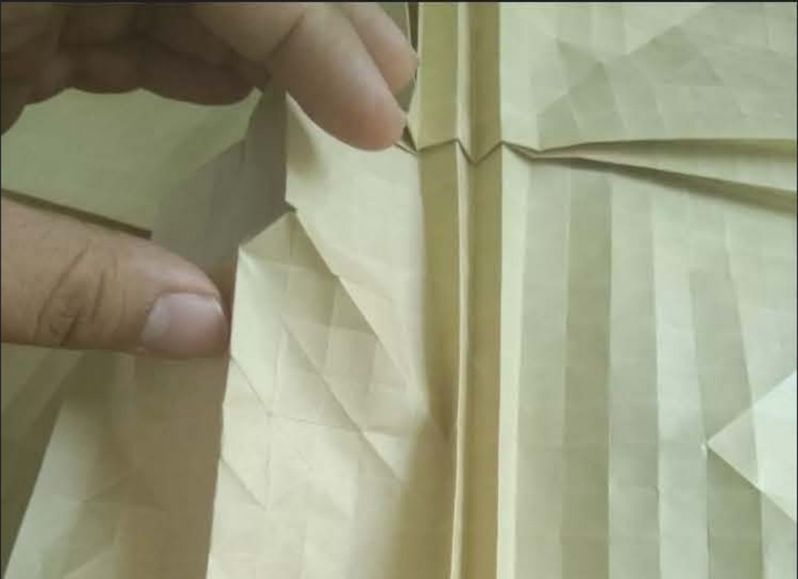

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When using the long box-shaped polymerization, we should also pay attention to the short lines connecting many peaks and valleys.

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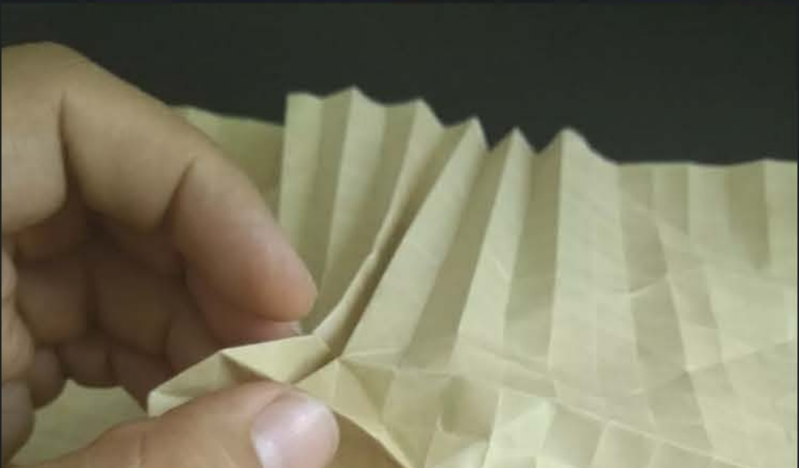
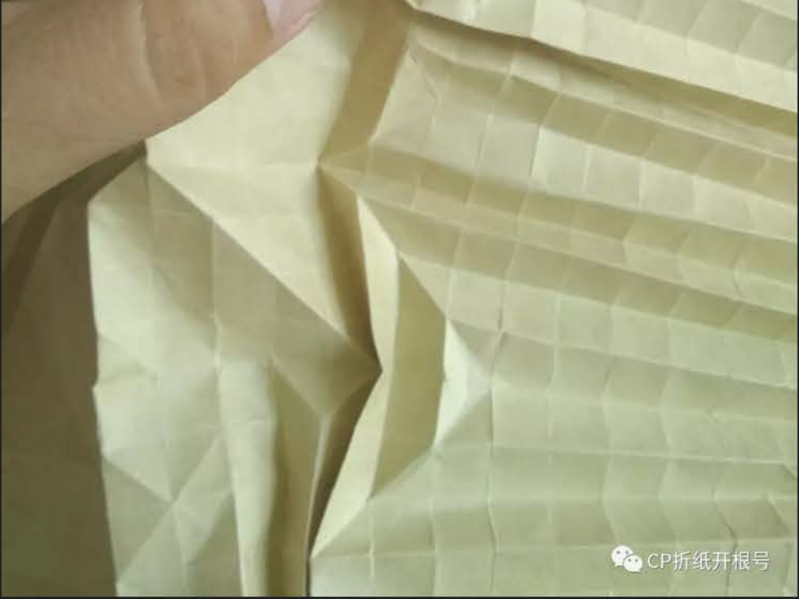
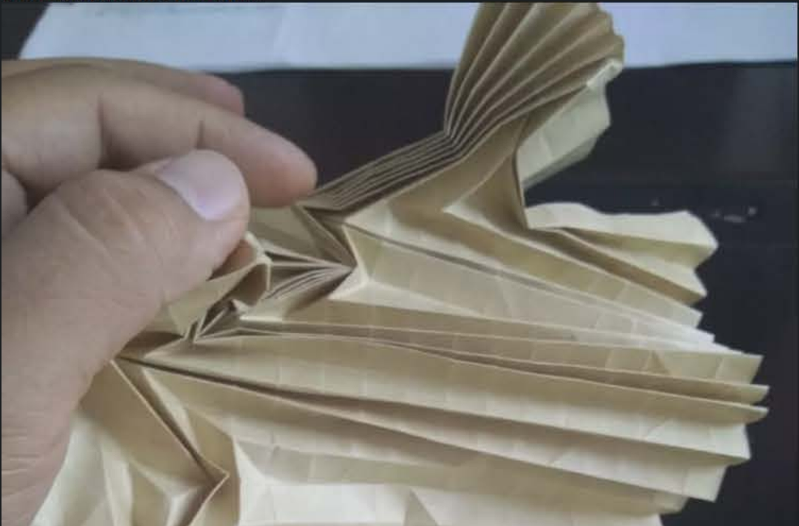




As shown in the figure below, when converging, we also pay attention to the downward stretching at the same time.



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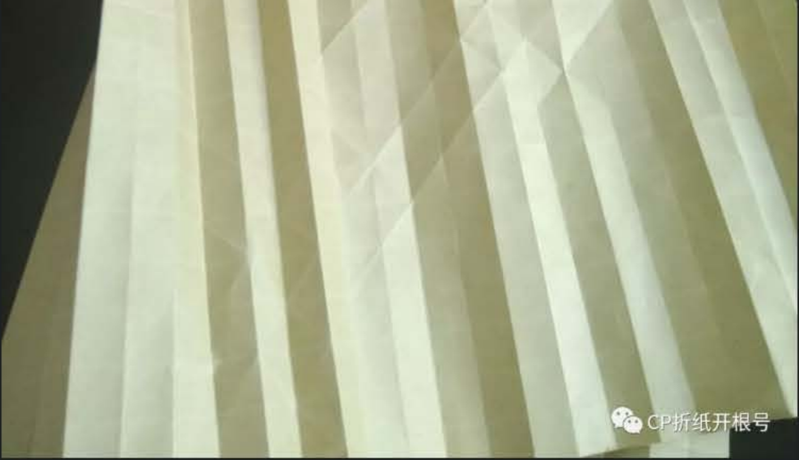

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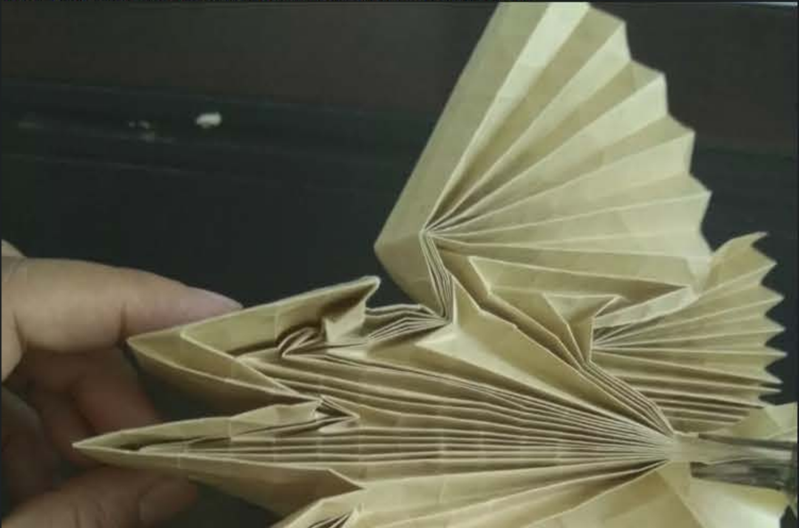
After polymerization, as shown below, press up and down



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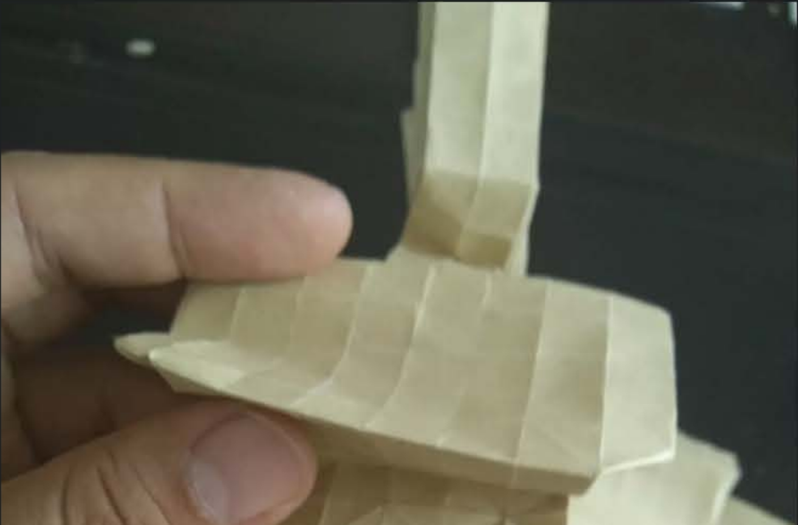

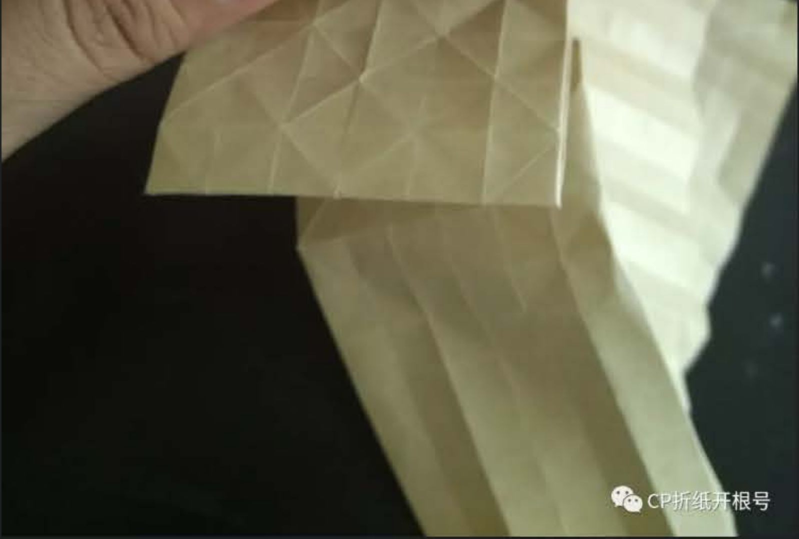
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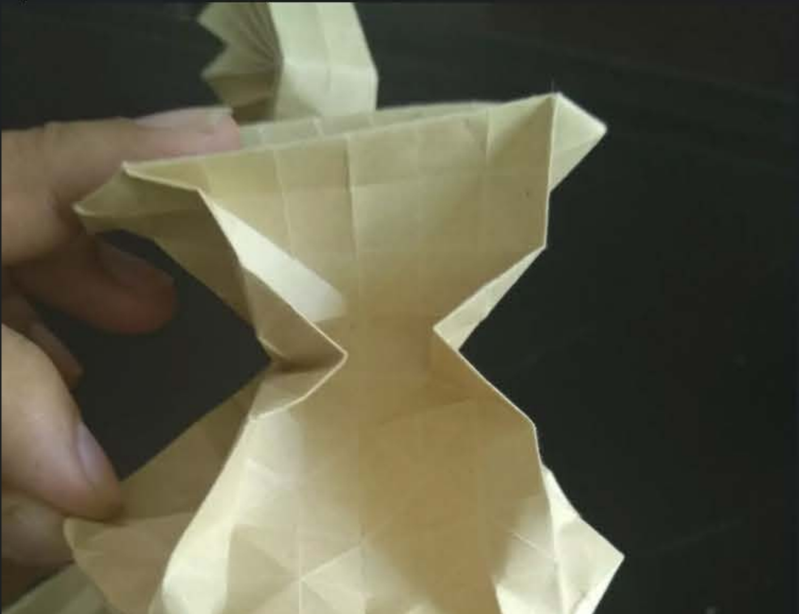
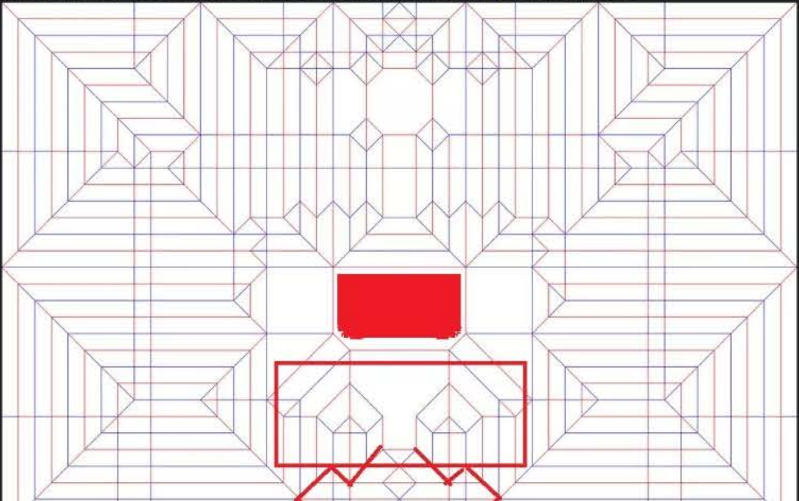
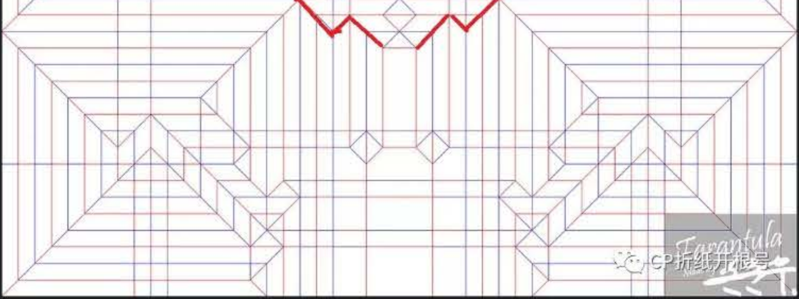
Open to make two diamond patterns below



As shown in the figure below, we will now do the place marked by the red line in the figure below, and then we will collaborate with other places together





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What we want to aggregate here is the place marked by the red polyline in the picture above, because the aggregation of the diamond type must be coordinated with this

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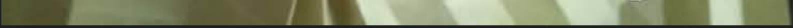
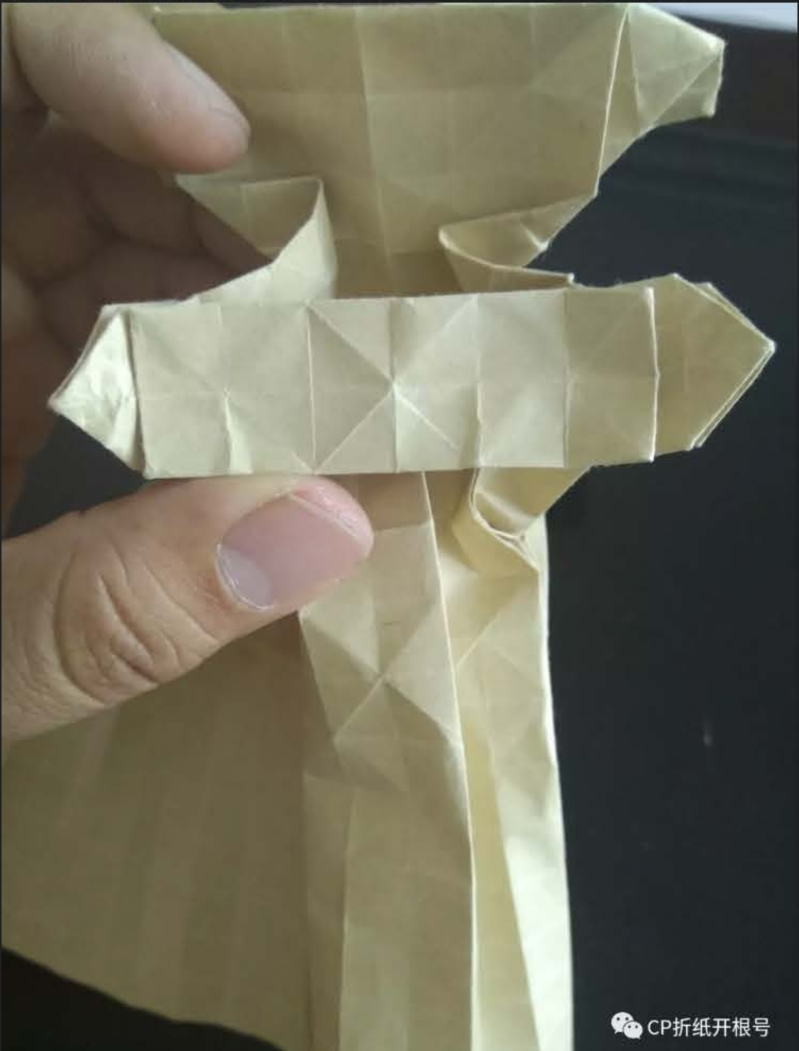


Peaking first before peak break



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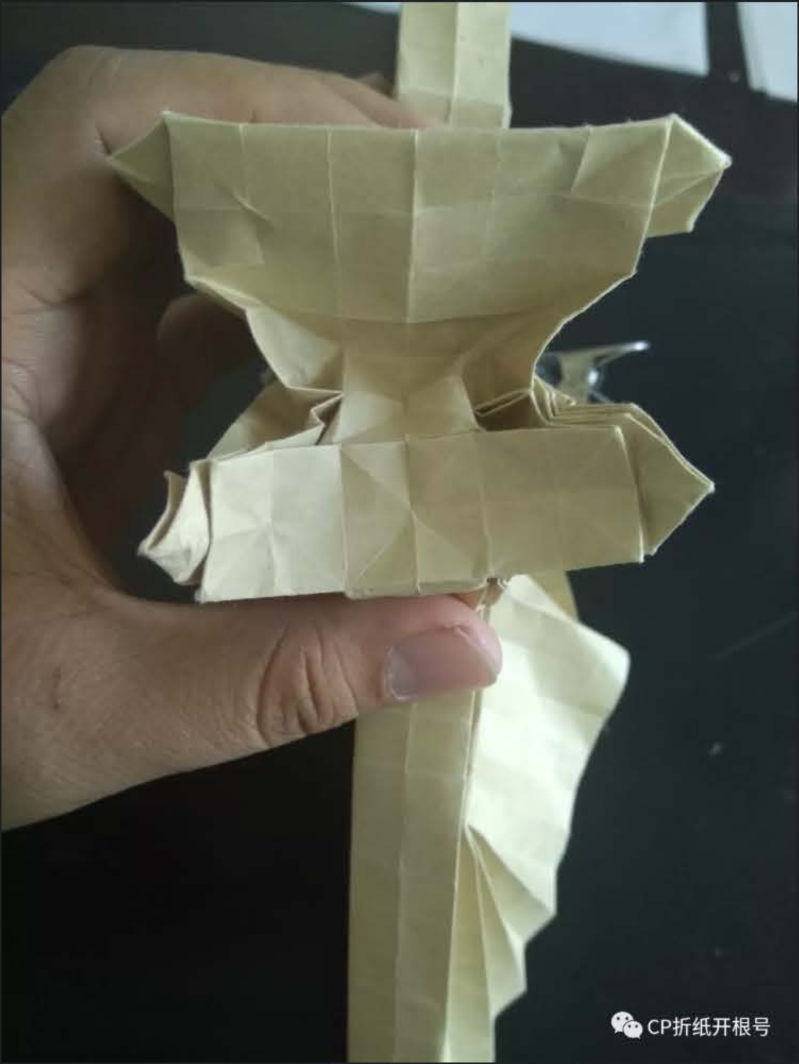
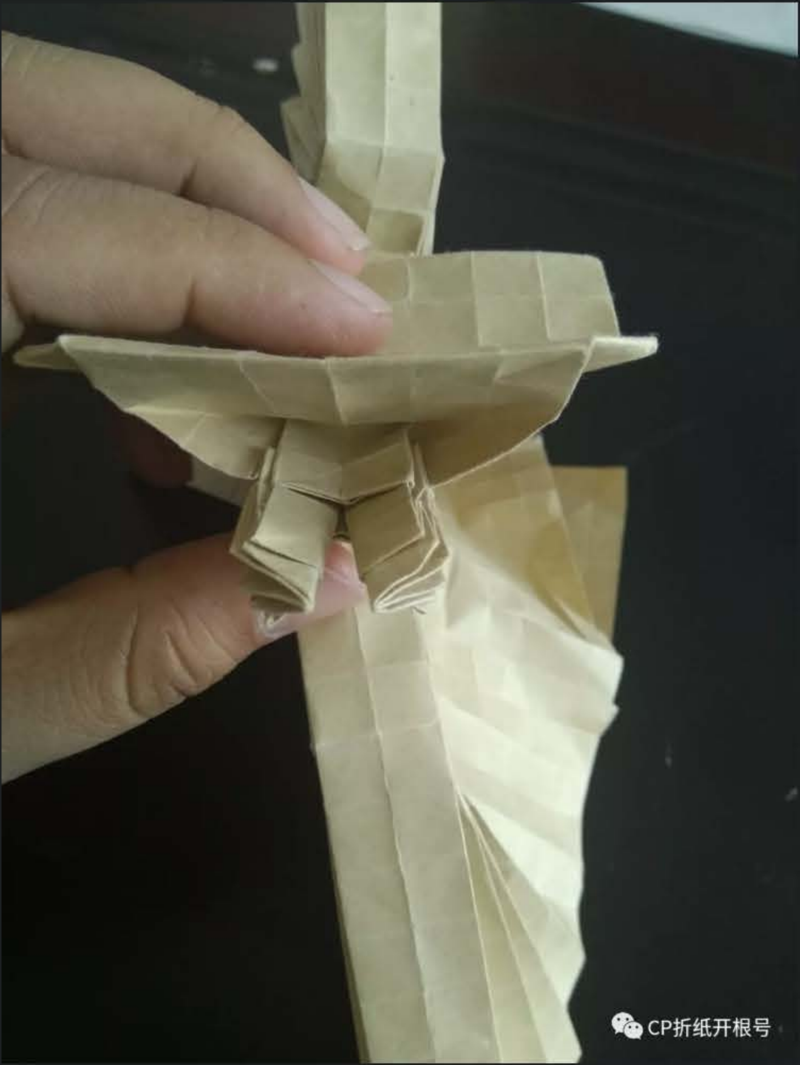
Diamond type synchronization is as follows





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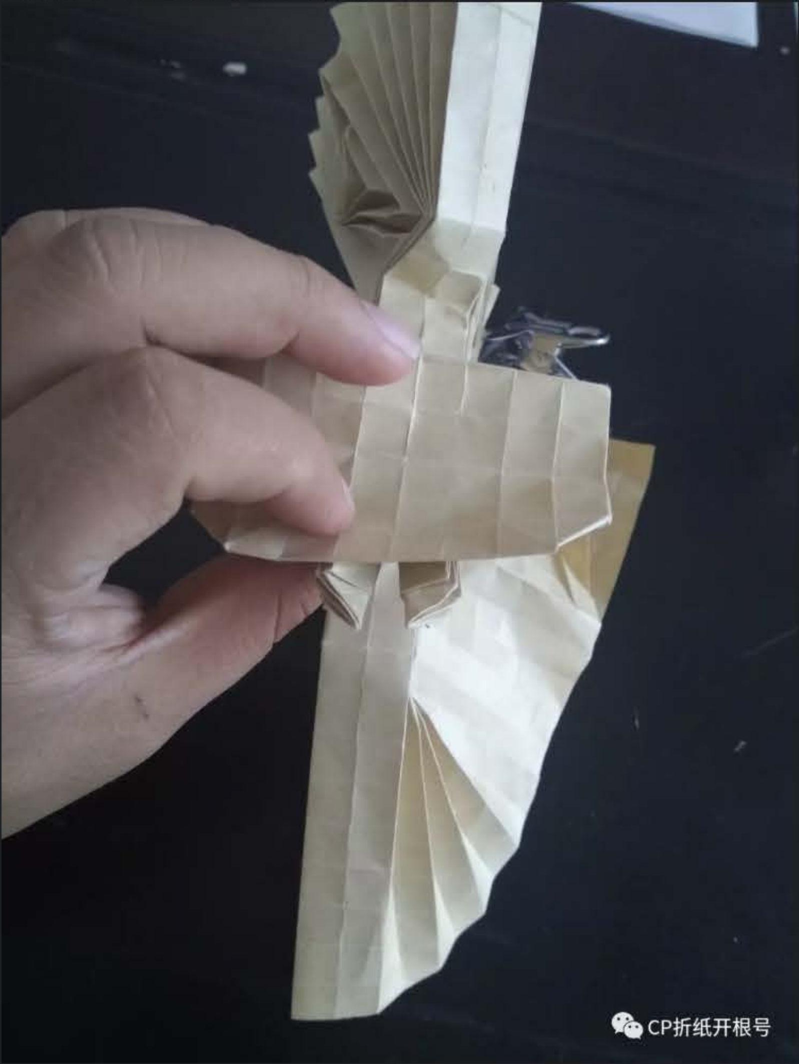
Next, we will put the paper on both sides into the center according to the peaks and valleys, and start to make the lower part of the belly



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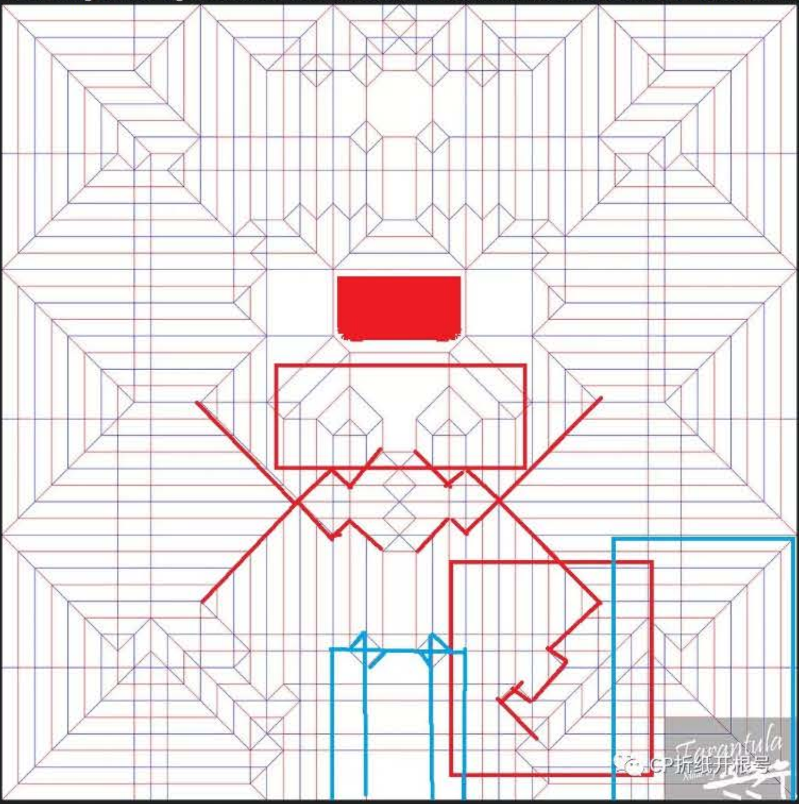
According to the figure below, we first make the red frame below and then the blue line



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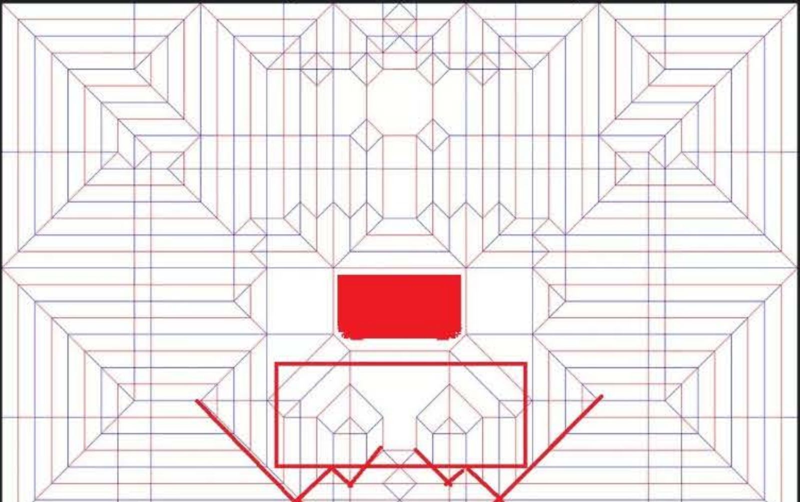
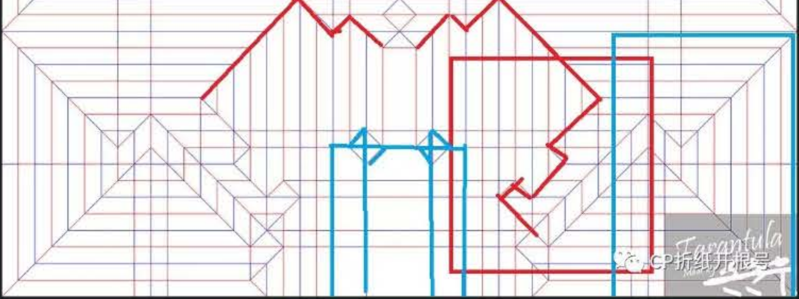
Icon again (previously some netizens said that the drawings I introduced, although they illustrate where to aggregate, but there are too many pictures, and then forget where to gather next, so there will be improvements in the future) Blue part





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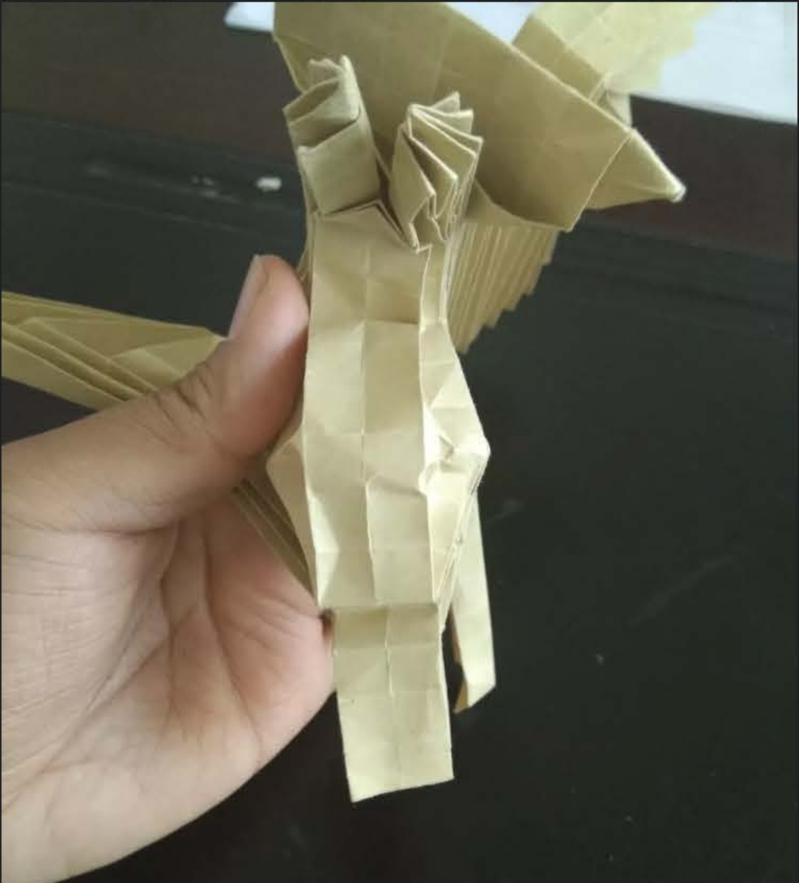

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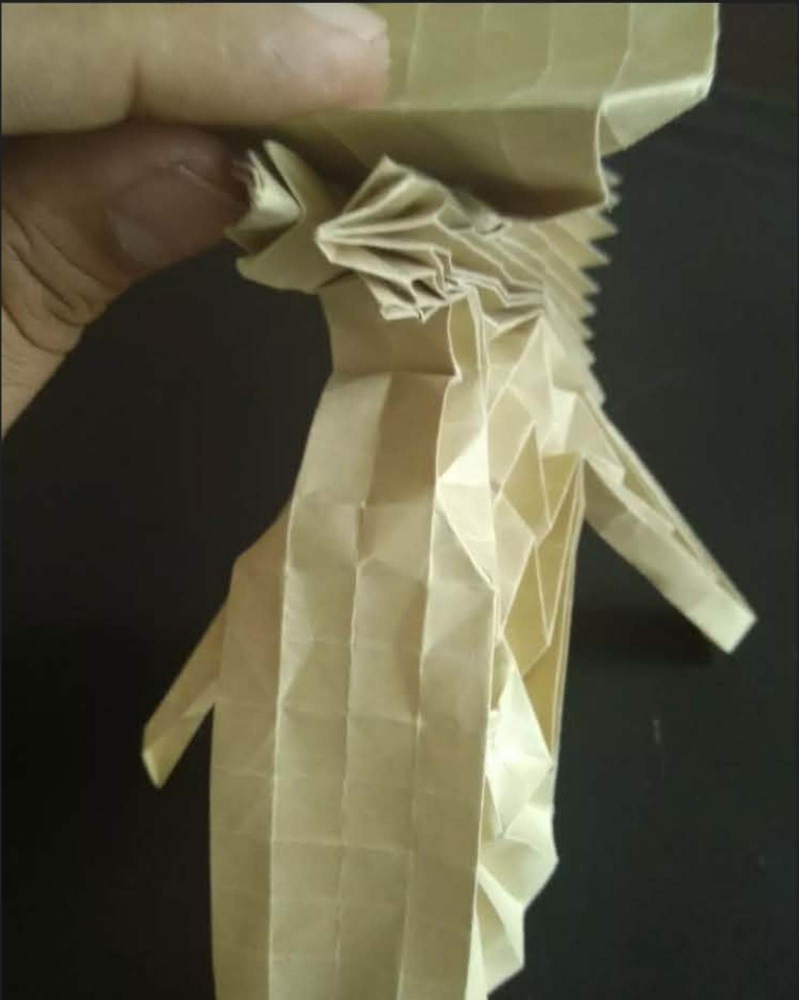

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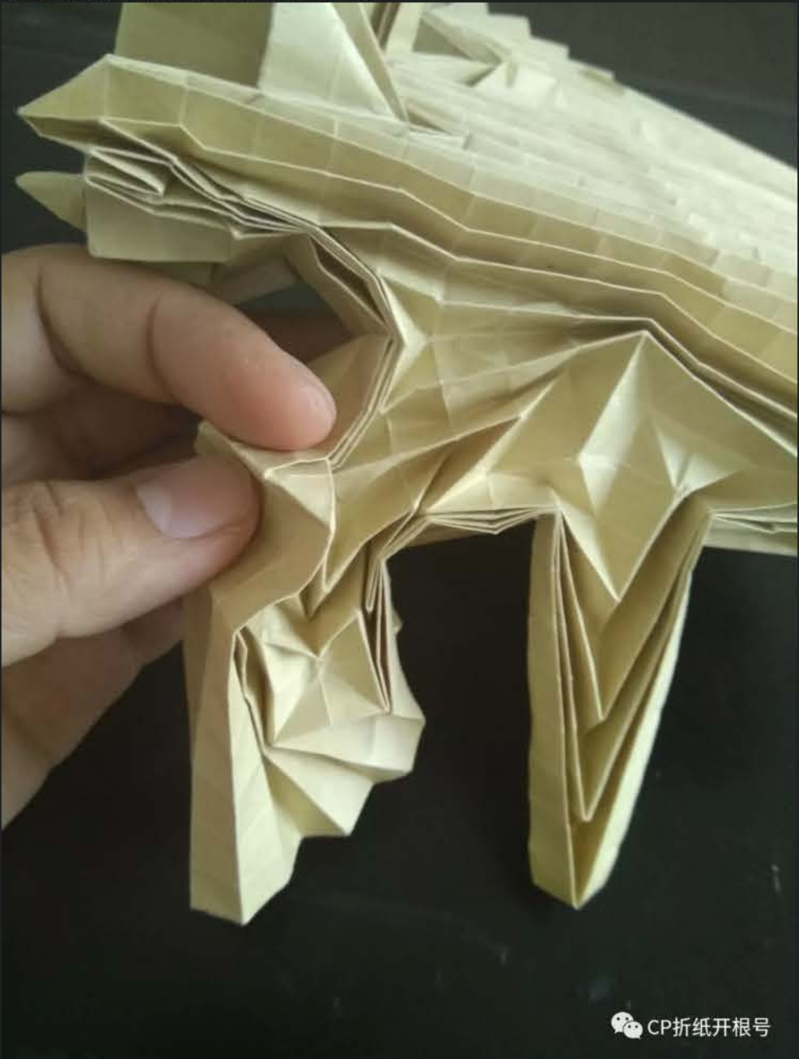
Below, pull it open, and then make a self-locking structure according to the CP peak valley line (that is, the two small squares)



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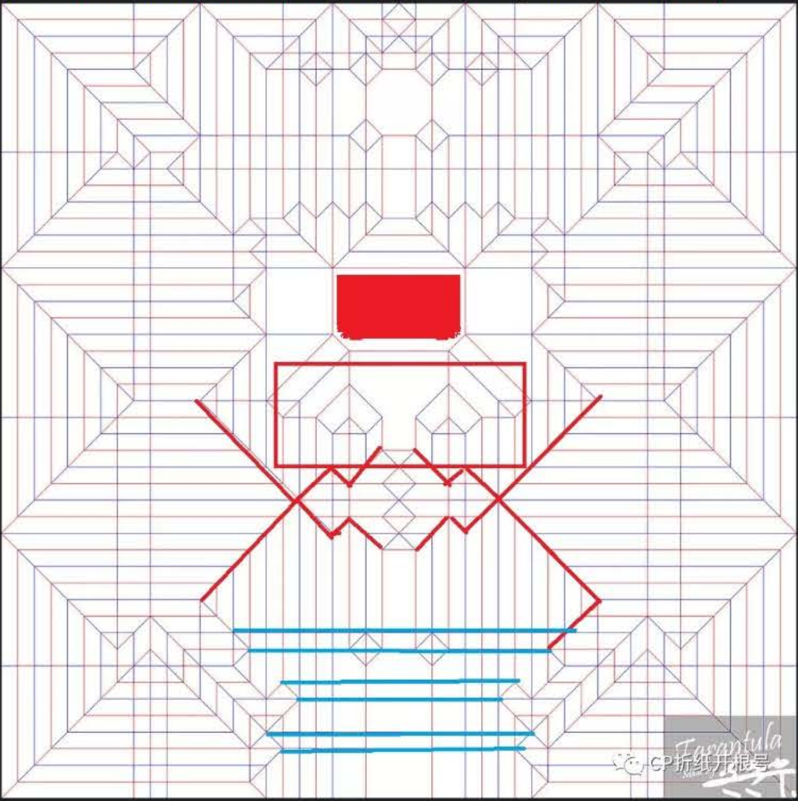
Use the horizontal blue line to make the peaks and valleys to fold out the belly.



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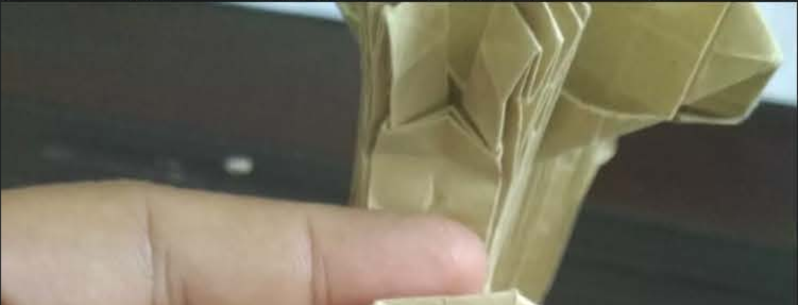
Tarantula



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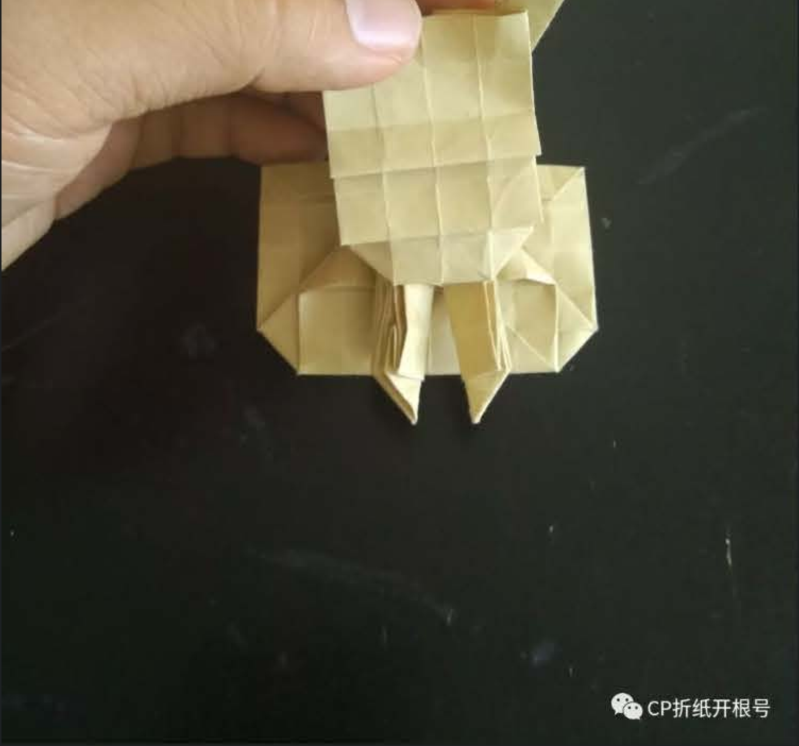
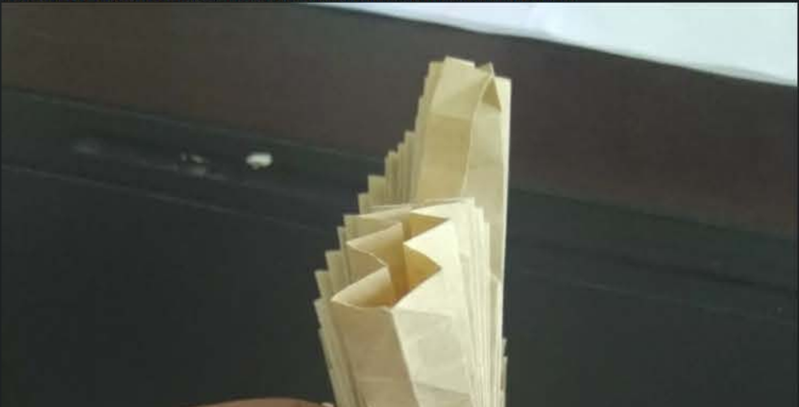
Below, the so-called 360-degree no dead angle depends on it.



Below we flip the work and start doing the above aggregation



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Side view

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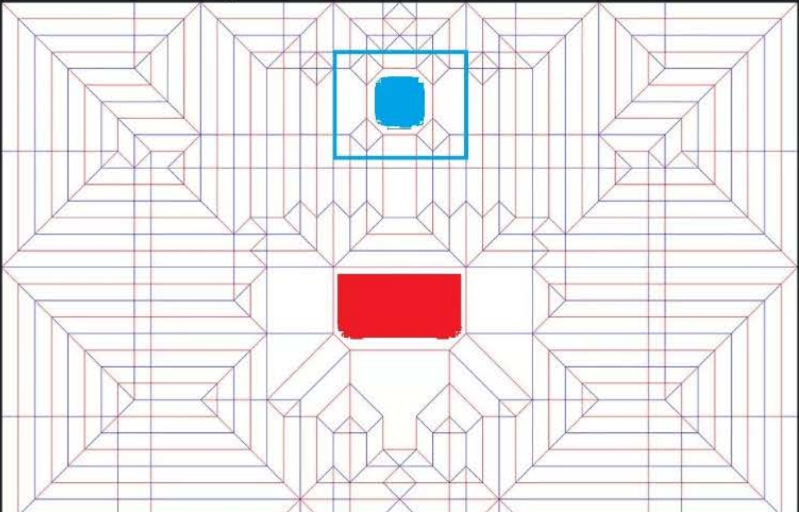
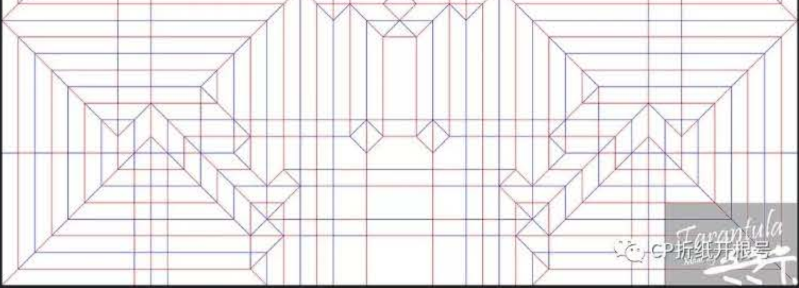
For the above aggregation, we also have a comprehensive purpose, that is, the blue block in the figure below should be highlighted and then aggregate the four small blocks of the self-locking structure around it.





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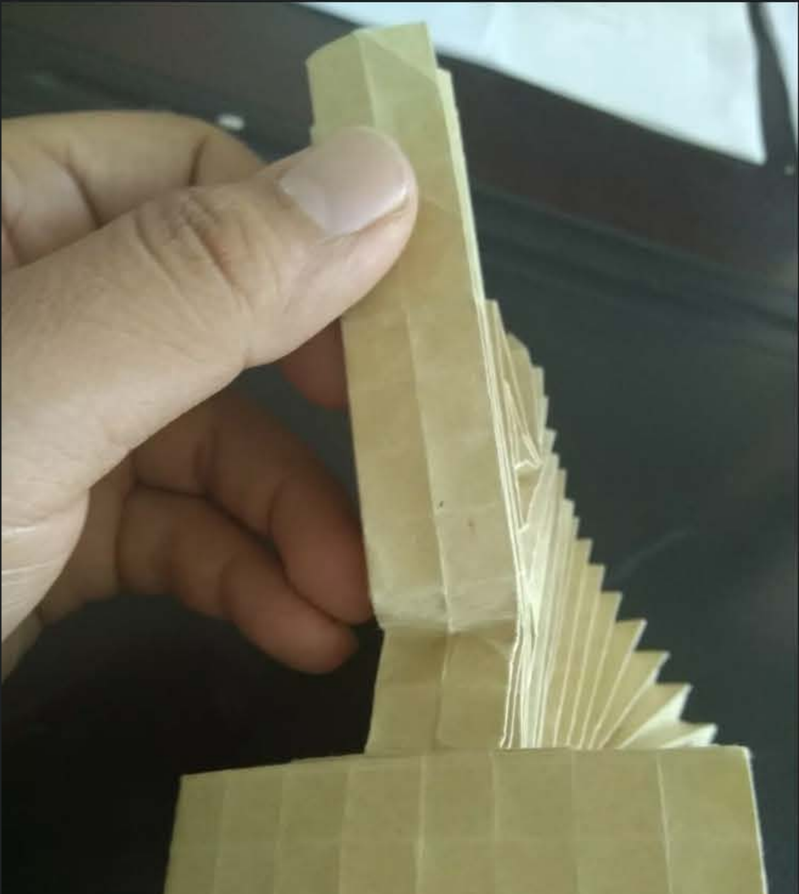

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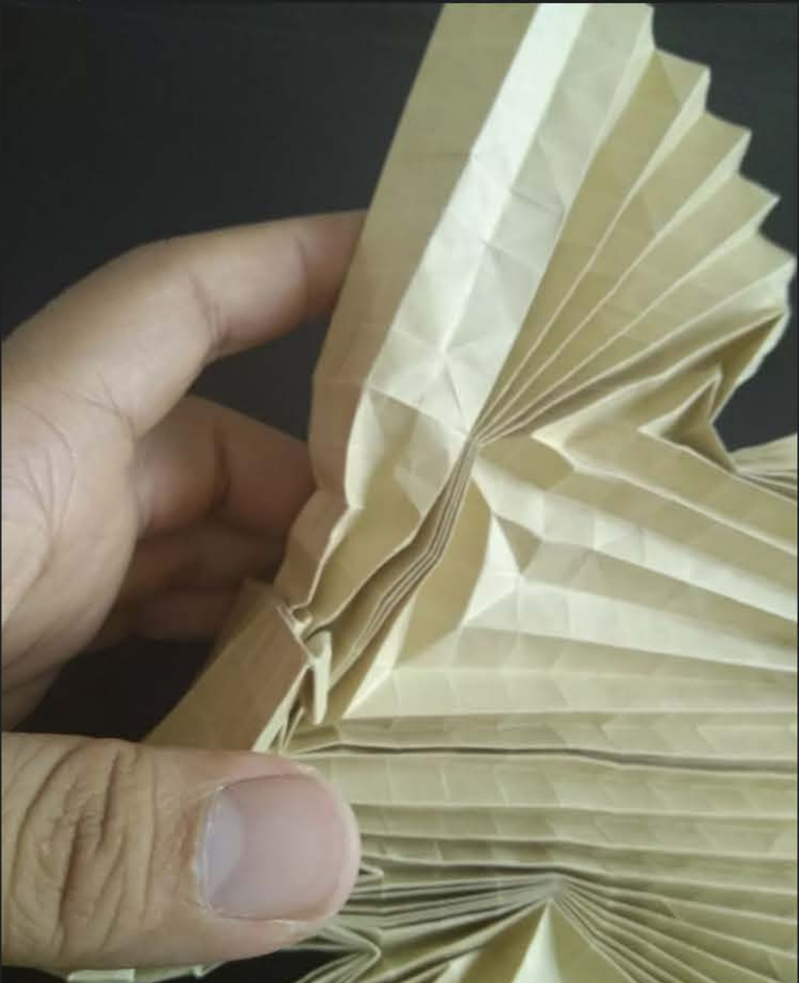
Pull away



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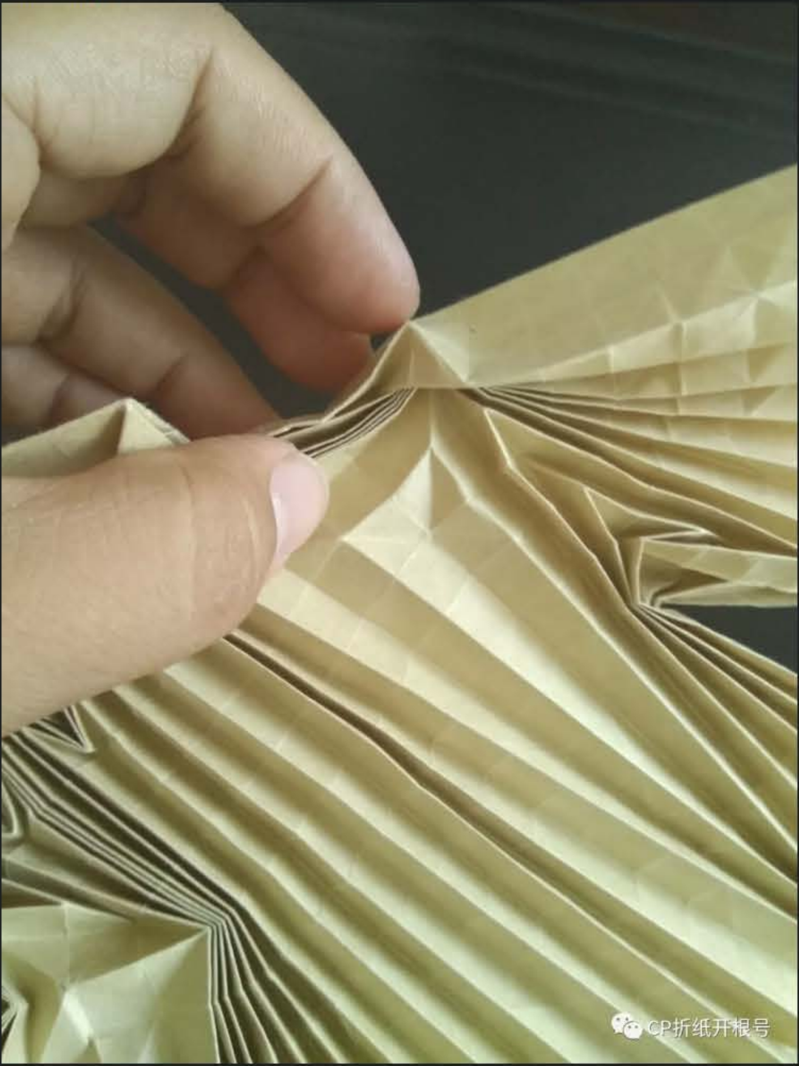
Self-locking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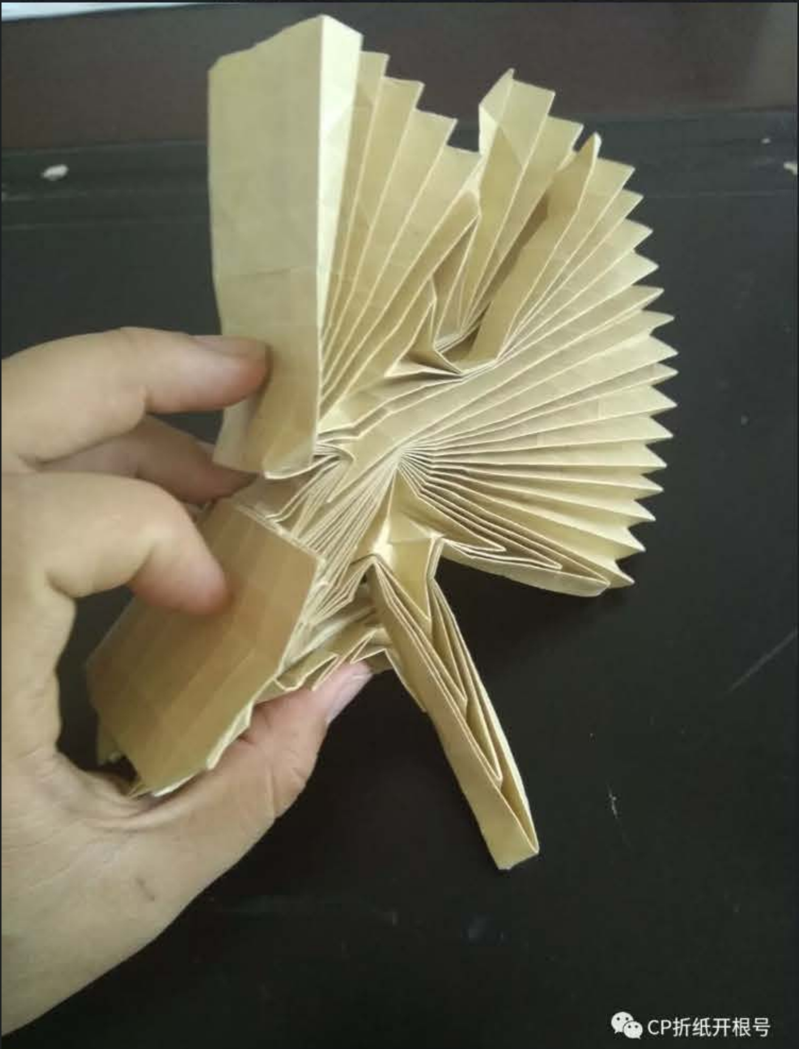

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Handle the two blocks above

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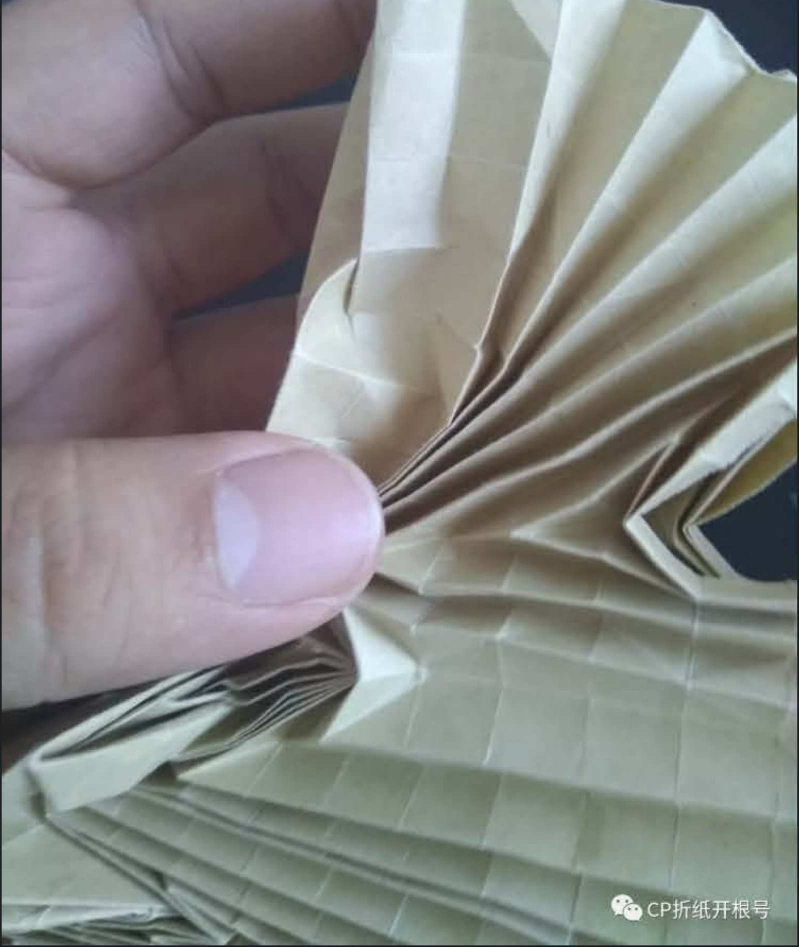
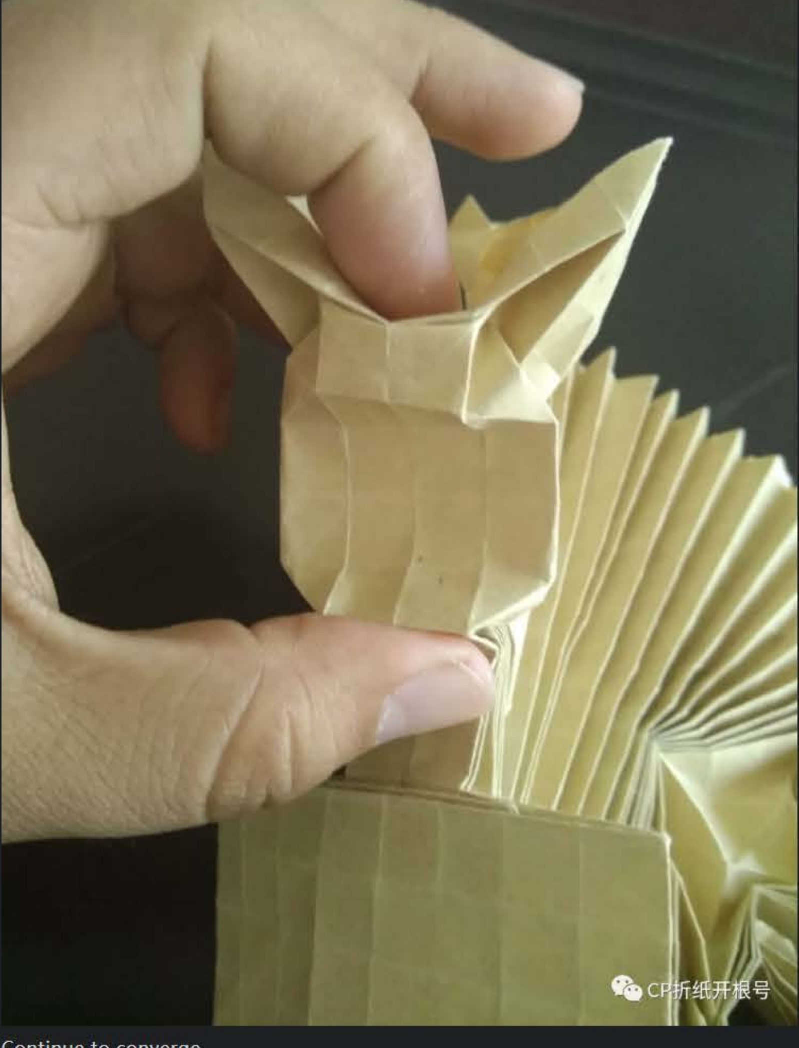


Synergistic aggregation of the two top teeth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Continue to converge

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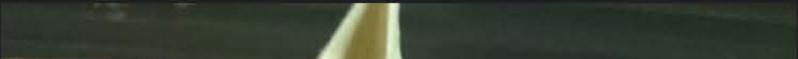

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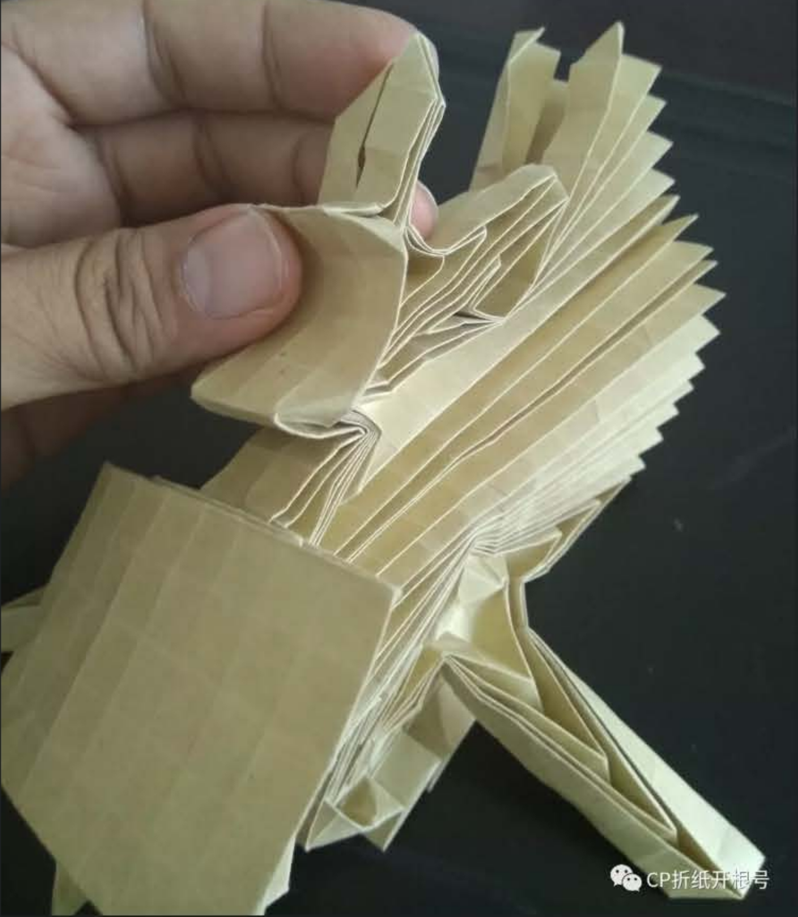

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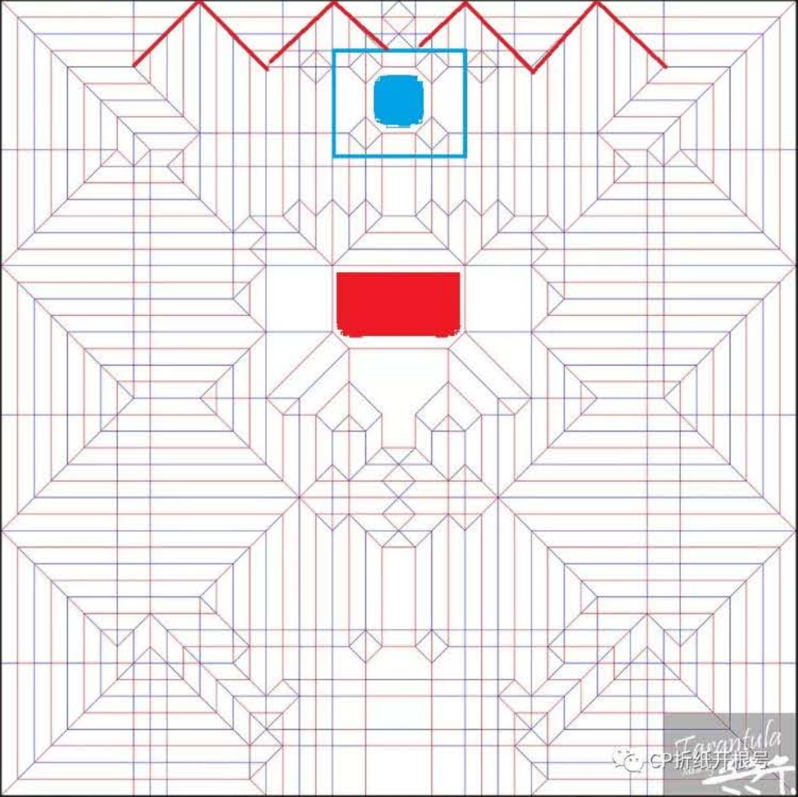
As shown below, let's get some big teeth done



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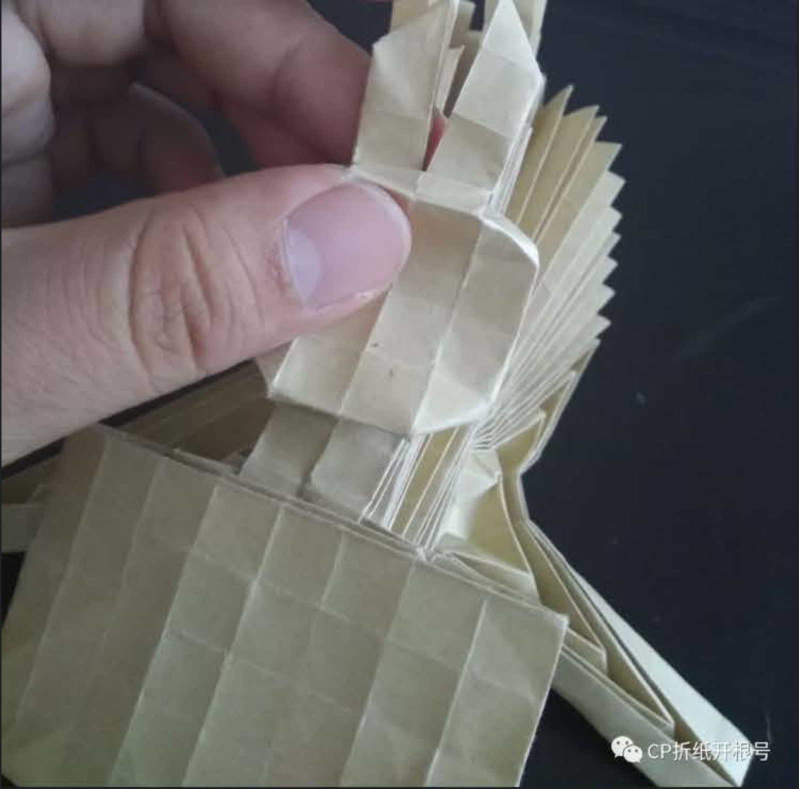

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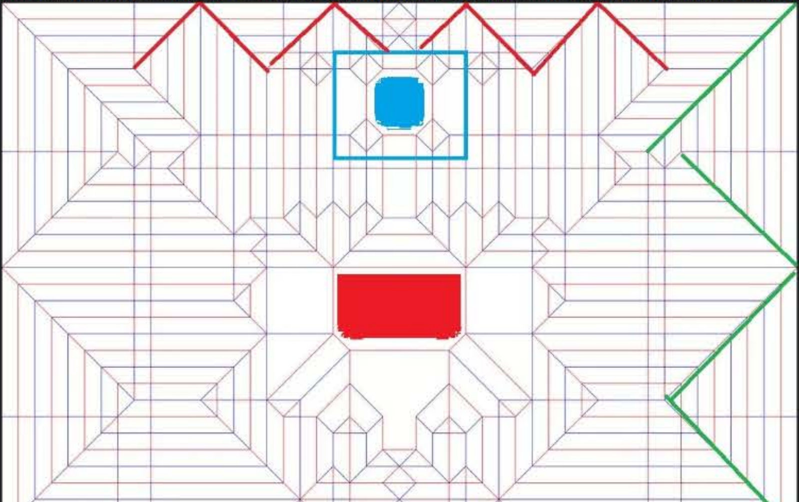
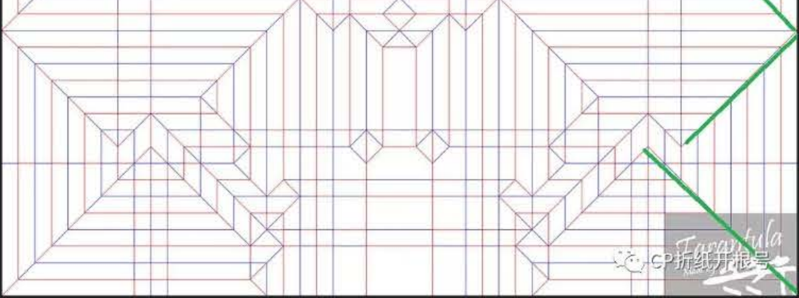
Finally, the leg structure is divided (identified by the green polyline in the figure below)





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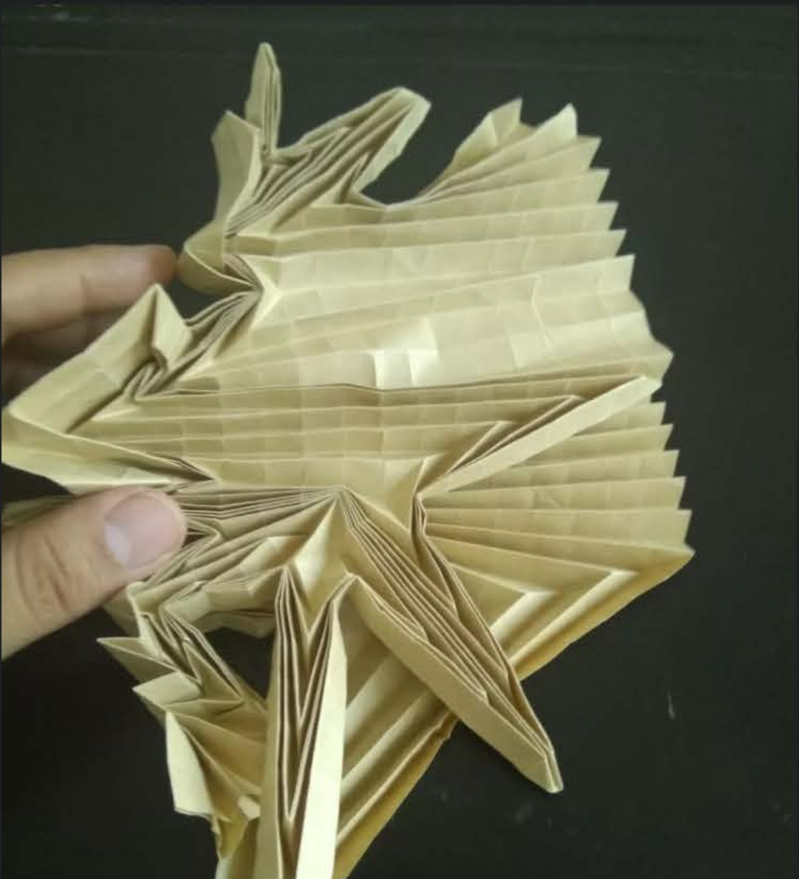

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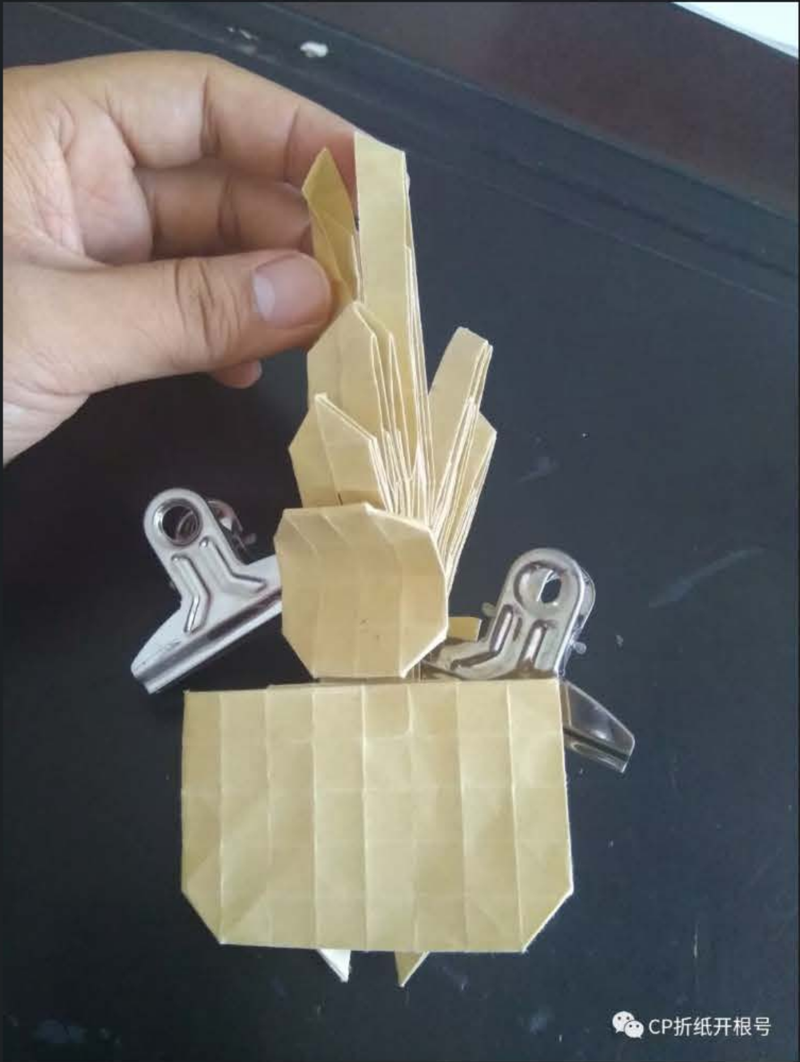
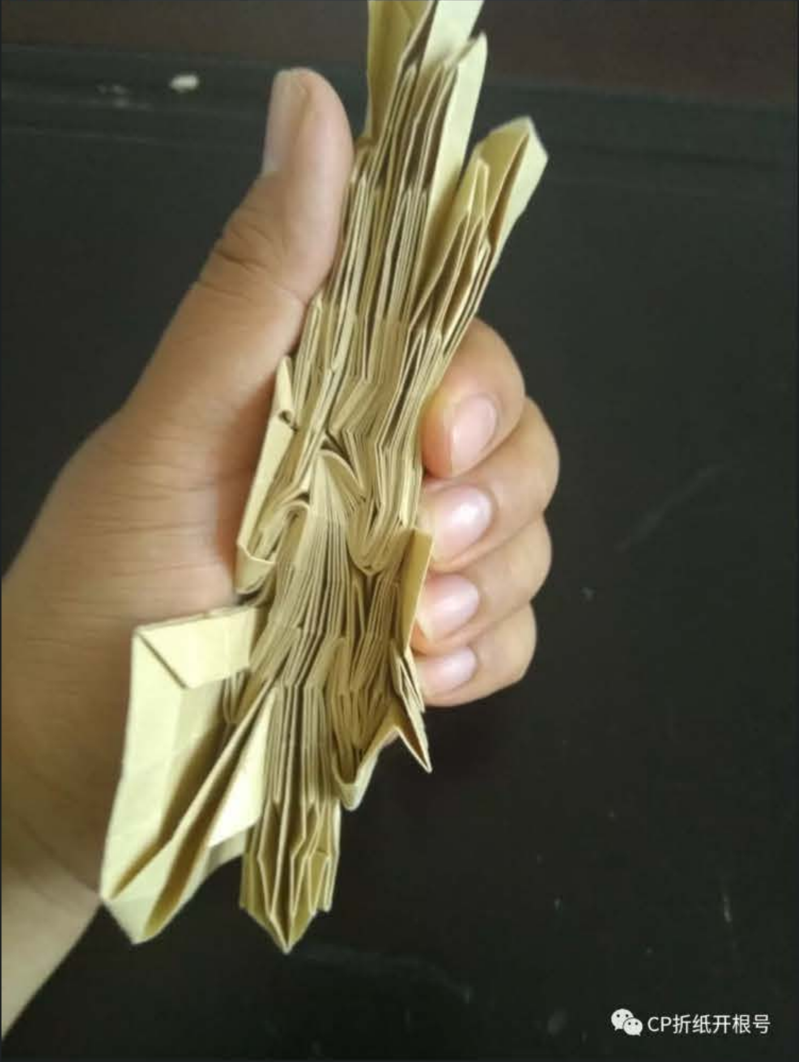


The upper picture is the front view, the lower picture is the side view of the multilayer structure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The picture below shows the side of the belly